

Mathematics Questions by Topic

Motion and Force

Answer 15

Source: K15SM2Q15

Question 15

The position vector of a 2 kg moving particle is given by $\underline{r}(t) = 4\sin(t)\underline{i} + \cos(2t)\underline{j}$ where the position is measured in metres and $t \geq 0$ is the time in seconds. The maximum momentum in kg-m/s of the particle is

- A. 8
- B. 4
- C. 2
- D. 1
- E. $2\sqrt{5}$

ANSWER A

$$\underline{r}(t) = 4\sin(t)\underline{i} + \cos(2t)\underline{j}$$

$$\dot{\underline{r}}(t) = 4\cos(t)\underline{i} - 2\sin(2t)\underline{j}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\dot{\underline{r}}(t)| &= \sqrt{(4\cos(t))^2 + (-2\sin(2t))^2} = \sqrt{16\cos^2(t) + 4\sin^2(2t)} \\ &= \sqrt{16\cos^2(t) + 4(2\sin(t)\cos(t))^2} = \sqrt{16\cos^2(t) + 16\sin^2(t)\cos^2(t)} \\ &= \sqrt{16\cos^2(t)(1 + \sin^2(t))} = \sqrt{16\cos^2(t)(2 - \cos^2(t))} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{when } \cos(t) = 1 \quad |\dot{\underline{r}}(t)|_{\max} = 4, \quad m = 2 \quad p_{\max} = mv = 8 \text{ kg m/s}$$